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St. James's, October 22.

THE following Addreſs of the Biſhop, Præcentor and Chapter, and Clergy of the Dioceſe of St. David's, has been preſented to his Majeſty by the Right Reverend the Lord Biſhop of St. David's, being introduced by the Right Hon. the Lord Fauconberg, one of the Lords of his Majeſty's Bed-chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Biſhop, Præcentor and Chapter, and Clergy of the Dioceſe of St. David's.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Biſhop, Præcentor and Chapter, and Clergy of the Dioceſe of St. David's, beg leave to preſent our moſt humble and ſincere Congratulations to your ſacred Majeſty upon your happy Return to your Britiſh Dominions, as well as upon the ſucceſsful Event of your Royal Councils and Labours in replacing the Imperial Crown of Germany in the Houſe of Auſtria, and thereby reſtoring a Proſpect of Liberty and Peace to Europe.

It is with grateful Senſe of this and the many other Bleſſings of your Gracious Reign, that we approach your Majeſty's Throne, not without the higheſt Indignation that there ſhould any be found in theſe Kingdoms ſo wickedly inſenſible of them, as at the ſame time to forget the Duty and Allegiance they owe to your Majeſty as Subjects, and the Regard that is due to the true Intereſt and Happineſs of themſelves and their Countrymen as Britons, by traiterouſly abetting the Attempts of a Popiſh Pretender and his Family, in Concurrence with the perpetual Enemies and moſt dangerous Rivals of your Kingdoms, for the Subverſion of all that is dear to us, the ſecure Enjoyment of our Religion and Liberties under your Majeſty's juſt and mild Adminiſtration.

And as we cannot behold this Rebellious Attempt, ſo full of national Slavery and Ruin, but with the utmoſt Abhorrence and Deteſtation, when we conſider ourſelves in the Light of Subjects and of Engliſhmen, ſo do we think ourſelves bound in an eſpecial Manner as Proteſtants and Clergymen, to exert our utmoſt Endeavours, both by our earneſt Prayers to Almighty God, and by Diligence and Zeal in our proper Sphere, to diſappoint a Deſign, whoſe natural and undoubted End can never be any other than the Subverſion of the pure and reformed Religion, and the Eſtabliſhment of papal Tyranny and Superſtition in theſe Kingdoms; ſince as well from the Experience of all former times, as from the known Cruelty and Faithleſsneſs of the Romiſh Policy, we are thoroughly aſſured, that a popiſh Prince and a proteſtant Church muſt be ever inconſiſtent.

May God long preſerve your Majeſty an happy Inſtrument in his Hand, to avert ſo fatal an Event from this Church and Nation, and to procure and convey the Bleſſings his Mercy has yet in Store for them; and may the Throne of theſe Kingdoms be ſo firmly eſtabliſhed in your Royal Houſe, as therein to perpetuate our excellent Conſtitution to all future Generations.

The following Voluntary Engagement and Aſſociation of the Gentlemen and principal Inhabitants of the City and Liberty of Weſtminſter, has been preſented to his Majeſty by the Right Honourable the Lord Percival, being introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Fauconberg, one of the Lords of his Majeſty's Bedchamber in Waiting: Which Voluntary Engagement and Aſſociation his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

The Voluntary Engagement and Aſſociation of the Gentlemen and principal Inhabitants of the City and Liberty of Weſtminſter.

WHereas a great Number of Papiſts, and other traiterous Perſons in North Britain, are

(Price Six-pence.)

are now in Arms engaged in a wicked and unnatural Rebellion, in order to advance a popiſh Pretender to the Throne of theſe Kingdoms:

We whoſe Names are underwritten, warm'd with a juſt Zeal for the beſt of Governments, adminiſtred under the beſt of Princes, and alarm'd with the threatned Dangers of Popery and arbitrary Power, do in all Faith and Honour ſolemnly promiſe and engage mutually to aſſiſt and ſtand by each other, to the utmoſt of our Abilities, in the Support and Defence of the Right, Title, Perſon, Family and Government of his ſacred Majeſty King George the Second, againſt any Pretender to his Crown, or any Power, either foreign or domeſtick, which have made or ſhall make any hoſtile Attempt upon the preſent Eſtabliſhment either in Church or State.

And we do farther engage in the Manner and upon the Terms hereunto annexed, if his Majeſty ſhall graciouſly condeſcend to accept the ſame, to be ready at all Hours, upon the firſt Intimation of his Royal Pleaſure, to appear in the Defence of his Majeſty's Perſon, and of this Metropolis which we inhabit.

The Manner and Terms of this Engagement are as follow:

First. That this Engagement ſhall continue in Force till the preſent Rebellion ſhall be ſuppreſſed, and no longer.

Second. That we will furniſh ourſelves, at our own Expence, with uniform Arms and Accoutrements, ſuch as we are bound by Law to provide for the Militia, together with uniform Cloathing, viz. a blue Coat with braſs Buttons.

Third. We will enroll ourſelves in one or more Regiment or Regiments, Troop or Troops, Company or Companies, under ſuch Officers as his Majeſty ſhall think fitting to appoint.

Provided always,

I. That during the Time our Service ſhall be accepted in this Form, we may not be charged to the Service of the Militia.

II. That our perſonal Service may not be required beyond the Precincts of this City, &c.

III. That we ſhall not be ſubject to the Martial Law, but in Lieu thereof, to ſuch Penalties as are preſcribed by the Laws for Regulating the Militia of this Kingdom.

The following Addreſs of the Juſtices of the Peace for the City and Liberty of Weſtminſter, has been preſented to his Majeſty by his Grace the Duke of Newcaſtle, Lord Lieutenant of the County of Middleſex, and one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of his Majeſty's Juſtices of the Peace for the City and Liberty of Weſtminſter in Quarter Seſſions aſſembled, the Ninth Day of October, One thouſand ſeven hundred and forty five.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

PErmit us to approach your moſt ſacred Perſon, and with true Joy and Gratitude to congratulate your Majeſty on your ſafe Return to your Britiſh Dominions; on your important Succeſſes in America, and on your Majeſty's Influence in the Elevation of the Grand Duke to the Imperial Throne.

We beg Leave to expreſs our utmoſt Deteſtation againſt the moſt wicked and unnatural Rebellion in the Northern Parts of Great Britain, kindled and ſupported by the Powers of France and Spain, the known common inveterate Enemies to a Proteſtant Free People, in Favour of a popiſh Pretender to your Crown, for the ſubverting our Religion, Laws, Liberties and Properties, and eſtabliſhing Popery and Slavery, in the Place of our happy national Conſtitution.

With united Hearts of Loyalty and Zeal, we aſſure your Majeſty, that we will exert that Authority with which you have intruſted us, againſt all your Enemies, of what Degree ſoever; and will, at the Hazard of every Thing dear or valuable to us, contribute all in our Power to ſupport the Happineſs and Glory of your auſpicious Reign, and the Preſervation of your Royal Proteſtant Progeny, to ſway and adorn the Royal Sceptre, throughout all Generations.

City, Borough, and Town of Weſtminſter, in the County of Middleſex.

At the General Quarter Seſſion of the Peace of our Sovereign Lord the King, holden at the Town-Court Houſe near Weſtminſter Hall, in and for the Liberty of the Dean and Chapter of the Collegiate Church of St. Peter Weſtminſter, the City, Borough, and Town of Weſtminſter, in the County of Middleſex, and St. Martin Le Grand, London, on Wedneſday the Ninth Day of October, in the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord George the Second, King of Great Britain, &c. before Thomas Burdus, Eſquire, Richard Lilly, Gideon Harvey, Doctors of Phyſick, Richard Farwell, William Morice, George Howard, Thomas Ellis, Thomas Lediard, George Payne, James Fraſer, John Powell, Eſquires, and others their Fellow Juſtices of our ſaid Lord the King, aſſigned to keep

keep the Peace within the ſaid Liberty, and alſo to hear and determine divers Felonies, Treſpaſſes, and other Miſdeeds, done and committed within the ſaid Liberty.

By the Court,

Forbes.

The following Addreſs and Aſſociation of the Lord Lieutenant, High Sheriff, Nobility, Deputy Lieutenants, Juſtices of the Peace, Gentlemen, Clergy, Freeholders, and others of the County of Berks, has been preſented to his Majeſty by his Grace the Duke of St. Albans, Lord Lieutenant of the ſaid County: Which Addreſs and Aſſociation his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE the Lord Lieutenant, High Sheriff, Nobility, Deputy Lieutenants, Juſtices of the Peace, Gentlemen, Clergy, Freeholders, and others of the County of Berks, intreat your Majeſty to accept of our Aſſociation, as a Teſtimony of the Zeal and Fidelity of this County. When we conſider the Happineſs we have enjoyed under your moſt mild and auſpicious Government, our Hearts are filled with the warmeſt Sentiments of Loyalty and Affection to your Royal Perſon. We look with Horror and Deteſtation on the preſent wicked Rebellion; a Project calculated by our inveterate Enemies, to deſtroy Britons by Britiſh Arms, and to ſubvert our preſent happy Eſtabliſhment.

We beg Leave to aſſure your Majeſty, that we will exert ourſelves to the utmoſt on this important Occaſion, and at the Hazard of our Lives and Fortunes, endeavour to preſerve your Sacred Perſon and your Royal Family, on whoſe Safety, under God, our Civil and Religious Rights entirely depend.

Signed at the Town Hall in Reading, the Twelfth Day of October 1745.

The Aſſociation of the Lord Lieutenant, High Sheriff, Nobility, Deputy Lieutenants, Juſtices of the Peace, Gentlemen, Clergy, Freeholders, and others of the County of Berks.

WHereas the preſent Rebellion in Scotland, formed and encourag'd by the Crowns of France and Spain, our moſt dangerous and implacable Enemies, in Favour of an abjur'd popiſh Pretender, threatens the entire Subverſion of our Religion, Laws and Liberties: We whoſe Names are hereunto ſubſcribed, do ſolemnly profeſs our utter Deteſtation and Abhorrence of this wicked and moſt unnatural Rebellion; and do ſincerely and heartily declare, that we will ſupport and defend, at the Hazard of our Lives and Fortunes, his Majeſty King George, (the only lawful and rightful King of theſe Realms) the Proteſtant Succeſſion, and the preſent Eſtabliſhment in Church and State. And we mutually promiſe and engage to ſtand by and aſſiſt each other, to the utmoſt of our Power, in Defence of our King, the Royal Family, our Religion, Laws and Liberties. And we do chearfully aſſociate and unite ourſelves to oppoſe by Force of Arms, and all other Means, the popiſh Pretender, and all his Adherents.

Signed at the Town Hall in Reading, the Twelfth Day of October 1745.

The following Addreſs and Aſſociation of the Lord Lieutenant, High Sheriff, Deputy Lieutenants, Juſtices of the Peace, Grand Jury, Gentlemen, Clergy, Freeholders, and others of the County of Hertford, has been preſented to his Majeſty by the Right Honourable the Earl Cowper, Lord Lieutenant of the ſaid County: Which Addreſs and Aſſociation his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

The humble Addreſs of the Lord Lieutenant, High Sheriff, Deputy Lieutenants, Juſtices of the Peace, Grand-Jury, Gentlemen, Clergy, Freeholders, and others of the County of Hertford, aſſembled at the General Quarter Seſſion of the Peace, holden at the Town of Hertford, in and for the ſame County, on Monday the Seventh Day of October, One thouſand ſeven hundred and forty five.

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,

TO permit us to congratulate your Majeſty upon your ſafe Arrival in your Britiſh Dominions, and at this time of imminent Danger to renew our Aſſurances of Loyalty and Allegiance.

As we have a juſt Abhorrence of the preſent unnatural Rebellion in favour of a popiſh Pretender, ſupported by our inveterate Enemies, in order to ſubvert and deſtroy our happy Conſtitution in Church and State; we beg Leave to preſent to your Majeſty, with this our humble and dutiful Addreſs, our ſincere Aſſociation, whereby we have engaged ourſelves to the utmoſt of our Power to defend your Majeſty's ſacred Perſon and Government, and to aſſure to ourſelves the Happineſs of a Proteſtant Succeſſion in your Royal Family, as the only Security we can have for our Religion, Laws and Liberties.

An Aſſociation of the Noblemen, Gentlemen, Clergy, Freeholders and Inhabitants of the County of Hertford.

Whereas

WHEREAS there is now a horrid and unnatural Rebellion formed and carried on by Papiſts and other wicked and traiterous Perſons, countenanced and ſupported by the implacable Enemies of our Country, with an Intent to dethrone his Majeſty King George, to ſubvert our Religion, Laws and Liberties, and to place the Crown of Great-Britain on the Head of a Popiſh Pretender, who muſt for his own Sake be dependant on France and Rome: We whoſe Names are hereunto ſubſcribed, being fully convinced that an Union of Hearts and Forces will greatly conduce to his Majeſty's Safety, and the Protection of our Country, do voluntarily and firmly bind ourſelves, every one of us the one to the other, jointly and ſeverally, in the Bond of one loyal Society, and do hereby ſolemnly promiſe, That with our Bodies, Lives and Eſtates, we and every one of us will ſtand by and aſſiſt each other in the Support and Defence of his Majeſty's ſacred Perſon and Goverment; and will as well with Force of Arms, as by all other lawful Means, withſtand the ſaid Popiſh Pretender and Traitors, and all Manner of Perſons and their Abettors, who ſhall attempt, act, counſel or conſent to any Thing that ſhall tend to the Harm of his Majeſty King George, or any of his Royal Family. All which we will faithfully perform, according to the plain Senſe and Meaning of the above written Inſtrument, as we hope for the Favour of Almighty God, and the Eſteem of good Men.

The following Addreſs of the Juſtices of the Peace and Grand Jury of the County of Kent, has been preſented to his Majeſty by his Grace the Duke of Dorſet, Cuſtos Rotulorum of the ſaid County: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Juſtices of the Peace and Grand Jury, aſſembled at a General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace for the County of Kent, holden at Maidſtone the 8th of October, 1745.

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,

WITH Hearts full of Loyalty, we offer our ſincere Congratulations on your Majeſty's ſafe Return to your Britiſh Dominions, (happily for us) at a Time when your Royal Preſence is ſo neceſſary for the Defence of our Religion, Laws and Liberties, the Subverſion of which is now threatened by an actual Rebellion in Scotland, rais'd by a popiſh Pretender to your Crown.

It is with a due Deteſtation and Abhorrence of ſuch Attempts we pray Leave to aſſure your Majeſty, that we will not only put the Laws now in being, for the Defence of your Majeſty's Perſon and Government, zealouſly into Execution, but will be always ready, at the Hazard of our Lives and Fortunes, to ſupport and maintain your Majeſty's rightful Title to the Crown of theſe Realms, againſt all Pretenders thereto, or Invaders thereof, and their Adherents or Abettors whatſoever.

May the Divine Providence bleſs your Majeſty's Arms with Succeſs; make your Reign long and happy, and grant a Proteſtant Succeſſion in your illuſtrious Houſe to reign over us and our Poſterity until Time ſhall be no more.

The following Addreſs of the Lord Lieutenant, High Sheriff, Deputy Lieutenants, Juſtices of the Peace, Gentlemen and Clergy of the County of Eſſex, has been preſented to his Majeſty by the Right Hon. the Earl Fitzwalter, being introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Fauconberg, one of the Lords of his Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

At the General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace of our Sovereign Lord King George the Second, held in and for the County of Eſſex, the Eighth Day of October, in the Nineteenth Year of his Majeſty's Reign.

Moſt gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt loyal and dutiful Subjects, the Lord Lieutenant, High Sheriff, Deputy Lieutenants, Juſtices of the Peace, Gentlemen and Clergy of the County of Eſſex, aſſembled at our General Quarter Seſſions, moſt humbly beg Leave to declare to your Majeſty, our Abhorrence of the inſolent and rebellious Deſigns which are now carrying on in ſome Parts of your Dominions in Favour of a Popiſh Pretender, and in Oppoſition to the Happineſs we enjoy by the Eſtabliſhment of your Majeſty upon the Throne of theſe Realms.

When we conſider that theſe Diſturbances were firſt fomented here by our moſt inveterate Enemies abroad, as the moſt effectual Means of dividing the Allied Power, and aggrandizing their own, to the general Deſtruction of the common Liberties of Europe: When we reflect on the yet more immediate Conſequences to ourſelves, in theſe daring Attempts to overthrow our Religion, Laws and Liberties; and when we are convinced that the Emiſſary now ſent over is only made uſe of to be ſubſervient to theſe deſtructive and inglorious Ends, we cannot but be filled with the higheſt Deteſtation againſt ſuch a Tool of France, ſuch a Friend to Rome, and ſuch an Invader of the Britiſh Conſtitution.

Whilſt on the other Hand, it is with the warmeſt

eſt Gratitude we call to Mind the many invaluable Bleſſings we have received under your Majeſty's auſpicious Reign and Government, endeared to us by the moſt mild and gentle Adminiſtration, and an unmoleſted Enjoyment of all our Religious and Civil Rights. Theſe Sentiments, Sir, have now inſpired us to enter into an unanimous Reſolution of exerting our utmoſt Power and Abilities in Defence of your Majeſty's moſt juſt and undoubted Title to your Crown and Dignity, being ſenſible that the Happineſs of your People, and the Preſervation of our Conſtitution, muſt entirely depend upon the Security of your Royal Perſon, and the Proteſtant Succeſſion in your moſt illuſtrious Family.

The following Addreſs of the Archbiſhop, Biſhops and Clergy of the Province of Canterbury, has been preſented to his Majeſty by the moſt Reverend the Lord Archbiſhop of Canterbury.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Archbiſhop, Biſhops and Clergy of the Province of Canterbury, in Convocation aſſembled.

Moſt gracious Sovereign,

WITH Hearts full of all the Sentiments which the warmeſt Gratitude and moſt affectionate Duty can inſpire, we the Archbiſhop, Biſhops and Clergy of your Province of Canterbury, in Convocation aſſembled, unanimouſly beg Leave to embrace this earlieſt Opportunity of approaching your Royal Throne with our moſt ardent Wiſhes, that the ſame good Providence which hath hitherto preſerv'd your invaluable Life, and brought back your Majeſty in Safety to your People, loyally anxious for your Preſence, may ſtill continue your effectual Safeguard, and protect your ſacred Head from every Danger.

Whilſt with one general Voice your free and happy Subjects loudly proclaim your Majeſty's never-ceaſing paternal Care for their Welfare in every poſſible Inſtance, and remote Nations gratefully acknowledge your powerful and beneficial Influence, Poſterity will ſcarce believe, that a popiſh and long abjur'd Pretender, in Confederacy with the avow'd and inveterate Enemies of this Church and Nation, ſhould preſume to diſturb the Tranquillity of your Government: But from the great and almoſt unparallel'd Unanimity and Zeal, which have every where appear'd for the Suppreſſion of this unnatural and flagitious Rebellion, and for the Defence of your ſacred Perſon, your Crown and Dignity, and our own Religious and Civil Rights, this Benefit, we aſſuredly hope, thro' the gracious and wiſe Diſpoſal of Providence, will accrue, that not only the preſent Hopes and Deſigns of our Enemies ſhall be fruſtrated, but all their future Attempts for ever diſcourag'd and prevented.

And as it is the daily and fervent Prayer of your loyal Clergy, that ſuch may be the happy Conſequences of our preſent Troubles, and that in full Peace and Proſperity your Majeſty may very long reign over an obedient and grateful People; ſo we do in the moſt ſolemn Manner aſſure your Majeſty, that it ſhall be our faithful and conſtant Endeavour to impreſs on the Minds of the People under our Care, ſuch ſteady Principles of Loyalty and Duty, as ſhall oblige them, on all Emergencies, to concur to their utmoſt Power in ſupporting your Majeſty's moſt juſt and undoubted Right to the Imperial Crown of this Realm, and, which is inſeparable from it, our excellent Conſtitution in Church and State.

To which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to return this moſt gracious Anſwer.

My Lords, and the reſt of the Clergy,

I Thank you very heartily for this affectionate Addreſs. The early Care you have taken to warn my People of the imminent Dangers which threaten this Church and Nation, from the preſent unnatural Rebellion, is very agreeable to me; and I depend upon the Continuance of your zealous Endeavours for that Purpoſe. You may be aſſured of my conſtant Reſolution to maintain and ſupport the Church of England, as by Law eſtabliſhed.

The following Addreſs of the Lord Lieutenant, High Sheriff, Noblemen, Juſtices, Gentlemen and Clergy of the County of Glouceſter, has been preſented to his Majeſty by Sir Francis Fuſt, Bart. being introduced by the Right Hon. the Lord Viſcount Fauconberg, one of the Lords of his Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting; Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Lord Lieutenant, High Sheriff, Noblemen, Juſtices, Gentlemen and Clergy, aſſembled at the General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace, held for the County of Glouceſter, the 8th Day of October 1745.

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, humbly beg Leave to congratulate your Majeſty upon your ſafe Arrival in your Britiſh Dominions, and upon the Succeſs of your Majeſty's Arms in the taking of Cape Breton, which muſt greatly Diſtreſs the common

Enemy, and be extreamly beneficial to the Trade and Navigation of Great Britain.

We alſo beg Leave to congratulate your Majeſty upon the Election of an Emperor, an Event of the utmoſt Importance to Europe in general, and which may be juſtly imputed to your Majeſty's generous Concern, and unwearied Endeavours, for the Support of the common Cauſe, and which will greatly contribute towards extinguiſhing that Flame which has ſpread ſo univerſally, and be an effectual Means of reſtoring the former Repoſe and Tranquillity of Europe.

We ſhould be wanting to ourſelves and our Country, if we did not, at this critical Juncture, declare to your Majeſty our utmoſt Abhorrence of the Invaſion of your Majeſty's Kingdoms, by a popiſh Pretender, bred up in the Church of Rome, and in Principles deſtructive to the Religion, Laws and Liberties of our Country; ſupported by France, the common Diſturber of the Tranquillity of Europe, whoſe reſtleſs and ambitious Spirit encourages her to attempt the undermining the Liberties of all Mankind, and to reduce Great Britain in particular, to the wretched Condition of becoming a Province to France, and of being ſolely at her Will and Diſpoſal.

As we are truly ſenſible of the many Bleſſings we enjoy under your Majeſty's auſpicious Reign, and are throughly perſwaded, that the only Security to our happy Conſtitution in Church and State, depends upon your Majeſty's being firmly eſtabliſhed upon the Throne of theſe Realms, and the Succeſſion being continued in your Majeſty's Royal Line;

We do, with Hearts full of Zeal and Gratitude, aſſure your Majeſty, that we will, at the Hazard of our Lives and Fortunes, ſupport your Majeſty againſt the bold and inſolent Attempts of your Majeſty's Enemy's, who have broke out into an unnatural Rebellion; a Crime of the moſt heinous Nature, and greatly aggravated by their having long experienced and enjoyed that Lenity which has ſo eminently diſtinguiſhed your Majeſty's Reign.

The following Addreſs of the Lord Lieutenant, High Sheriff, Deputy Lieutenants, and Juſtices of the Peace of the County of Stafford, has been preſented to his Majeſty by the Right Honourable the Lord Gower, Lord Privy Seal, being introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Fauconberg: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Lord Lieutenant, High Sheriff, Deputy Lieutenants, and Juſtices of the Peace of the County of Stafford, aſſembled at the General Quarter Seſſions of the Peace held for the ſaid County, this Ninth Day of October, 1745.

WE the above-named Lord Lieutenant, High Sheriff, Deputy Lieutenants, and Juſtices of the Peace, whoſe Names are ſubſcribed, beg Leave to congratulate your Majeſty upon your ſafe Arrival in your Kingdom of Great Britain, and the happy Succeſs of your Arms in taking of Cape Breton.

We deteſt the Attempts made by any of your Subjects to overturn your Government, and introduce Popery and arbitrary Power amongſt us, which we are determin'd to oppoſe, to the utmoſt of our Power, at the Hazard of our Lives and Fortunes.

We have freſh Reaſon to congratulate your Majeſty upon the happy Arrival of ſo many of your Majeſty's Britiſh Troops in theſe Dominions at this critical Conjuncture, and when the reſt are arrived (which we hope will be ſoon) we doubt not, but by the Bleſſing of God, and the general Union which appears among all your Engliſh Subjects, that all Dangers from foreign Invaſions will vaniſh, and that our happy Conſtitution will be tranſmitted ſafe to lateſt Poſterity under your Majeſty's Royal Family.

The following Addreſs of the Lord Lieutenant, High Sheriff, Deputy Lieutenants, Juſtices of the Peace, and other Gentlemen of the County of Dorſet, has been preſented to his Majeſty by the Right Honourable the Earl of Shaftsbury, Lord Lieutenant of the ſaid County, attended by ſeveral of the principal Gentlemen, &c. being introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Fauconberg, one of the Lords of his Majeſty's Bed-chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Lord Lieutenant, High Sheriff, Deputy Lieutenants, Juſtices of the Peace, and other Gentlemen of the County of Dorſet, aſſembled at a General Meeting of the ſaid County, held at Dorcheſter the Ninth Day of October, 1745.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Lord Lieutenant, High Sheriff, Deputy Lieutenants, Juſtices of the Peace, and other Gentlemen of the County of Dorſet, at a General Meeting of the ſaid County, held at Dorcheſter, with all Humility beg Leave to congratulate your Majeſty on your ſafe and happy Return to Great Britain; as alſo to expreſs our

our Abhorrence and Deteſtation of the preſent unnatural Rebellion; a Rebellion begot and nurſed up by foreign Counſels, depending for its Growth on foreign Aſſiſtance, and tending to ſubject this Nation in the End to foreign Powers; a Rebellion, which none can eſpouſe, but thoſe who are Advocates for Deſpotiſm, and are ready to become the wretched Inſtruments of the inſatiable Cruelty of the Court of Rome, and the reſtleſs Ambition of the Court of France.

We further beg Permiſſion to aſſure your Majeſty, that with a ſteady Affection we will, to the utmoſt of our Power, defend and ſupport your Royal Perſon and Family againſt the Pretender and his Adherents, as it is on a Proteſtant Government only we can rely for the Security of our civil and religious Rights.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Aldermen, Capital Burgeſſes, and principal Inhabitants of Bideford, has been preſented to his Majeſty by the Right Honourable the Lord Gower, Lord Privy Seal: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Aldermen, Capital Burgeſſes, and Principal Inhabitants of Bideford.

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Mayor, Aldermen, Capital Burgeſſes, and principal Inhabitants of Bideford, humbly beg Leave to congratulate your Majeſty on your ſafe Return to your Britiſh Dominions; on the Succeſs of your Negociations Abroad in Favour of the Houſe of Auſtria; and on the glorious Succeſs of your Royal Navy in America, in taking the important Iſland of Cape Breton, whereby France is deprived of that grand Nurſery of her Sailors, and the Maritime Power of that Kingdom is undermined, and her Colonies in North America are render'd defenceleſs and uſeleſs to her.

As theſe Succeſſes, which tend to the Preſervation of the Ballance of Power and the Liberties of Europe, and to the Encreaſe and Defence of the Trade and Navigation of Great Britain, and for the Reduction of the exorbitant Power of France, have ſtirred up her Reſentment againſt your Majeſty, and to favour the Deſigns of a popiſh Pretender; ſo theſe Succeſſes of your Majeſty ought, by every true Briton, to be eſteemed additional Glories of your Majeſty's Reign, and to unite all their Hearts and Affections in true Loyalty for your Majeſty, who is their gracious Defender.

We are too ſenſible of the innumerable Bleſſings we happily enjoy under your moſt gracious Majeſty; we are too ſenſible of the wide Difference between a Proteſtant and a Popiſh Government, between an abſolute and limited Monarchy, between a Parliamentary Right to the Crown in your Majeſty, and the vain ill-grounded Claim of the popiſh Pretender, to exchange our glorious and happy Conſtitution, and the legal Eſtabliſhment of the Crown, for an Arbitrary Popiſh Government, under a Viceroy of France: Againſt all ſuch Attempts, manifeſtly deſtructive to the Rights and Liberties of the Britiſh Nation, which, under your Majeſty, will be ever ſafe, your Majeſty may be aſſured of our utmoſt Oppoſition, with all our Lives and Fortunes. That your Majeſty may long reign for the Glory, Happineſs and Protection of Britain; that all the Plots and Deſigns of France and the Pretender, againſt this Nation, may with Shame and Confuſion for ever be defeated, is our hearty and united Prayer.

The following Addreſs of the Juſtices of Peace for the County of Wilts, has been preſented to his Majeſty by the Right Honourable the Lord Duplin, accompanied by the Lord Harry Powlett, Edward Baynton, Eſq; William Rawliſon Earle, Eſq; John Garth, Eſq; Robert Neale, Eſq; and other Juſtices of the Peace for the ſaid County, being introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord Fauconberg, one of the Lords of his Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Juſtices of Peace for the County of Wilts, in their Quarter Seſſions aſſembled.

Moſt gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Juſtices of the Peace for the County of Wilts, at their General Quarter Seſſions aſſembled, take this firſt Opportunity (lamenting that we had not an earlier) of approaching your moſt ſacred Perſon.

We beg Leave to congratulate your Majeſty upon your ſafe Return to this Kingdom, after having given a Head to the Empire, and upon the Succeſs of your Majeſty's Arms in the Conqueſt of Cape Breton.

We cannot at the ſame Time ſufficiently expreſs our Deteſtation of the Invaſion made upon your Majeſty's Dominions in Favour of a popiſh and abjured Pretender to the Crown of theſe Realms.

When we conſider this Invaſion as the plain and undoubted Conſequence of the glorious Part your Majeſty has taken in the Defence of the Liberties of Europe, and the Protection of the

Trade

Trade and moſt important Rights of your Majeſty's Subjects, it is impoſſible for us not to look upon ourſelves to be bound by all the Ties and Obligations of Duty, Honour and Gratitude, to exert our utmoſt Abilities in Support and Defence of your Majeſty, againſt all your Enemies and Oppoſers both at Home and Abroad.

But how great and affecting ſoever theſe Conſiderations may be, yet they almoſt vaniſh and diſappear, when we reflect upon the Danger our Liberties, civil and religious, muſt neceſſarily be expoſed to, from an Attempt to eſtabliſh a popiſh and arbitrary Government amongſt us, by the Power of France and Policy of Rome.

And as we are thoroughly convinced, that a Government, ſo introduc'd and ſupported, muſt inevitably be attended with Tyranny and Oppreſſion both in Church and State; give us Leave to aſſure your Majeſty, that we want Words to expreſs our Zeal and Readineſs to concur in any Meaſures that your Majeſty's great Wiſdom ſhall ſuggeſt, for the averting what we ſhall for ever think the greateſt Evil that can poſſibly befal us.

With infinite Pleaſure and Satisfaction we reflect, that the Support of your Majeſty's undoubted Title to the Crown of theſe Realms, is but the juſt Return of Gratitude for all the Bleſſings we have enjoyed under your Majeſty's juſt and mild Adminiſtration, and the only Means of ſecuring to ourſelves the Continuance of all that is dear and valuable to us.

That the Crown of theſe Realms may be continued in your Majeſty's moſt illuſtrious Houſe, for the Security of the Proteſtant Religion, the Laws and Liberties of Great Britain, till Time ſhall be no more, are the ardent Wiſhes of,

Your Majeſty's moſt dutiful
and loyal Subjects.

The following Addreſs of the Nobility, Gentry and Clergy of the County of Rutland, having been tranſmitted by the Right Honourable the Earl of Gainsborough, to his Grace the Duke of Newcaſtle, one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, has by him been preſented to his Majeſty: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

The humble Addreſs of the Nobility, Gentry and Clergy of the County of Rutland, at a General Meeting at Oakham, this Eleventh Day of October, One thouſand ſeven hundred and forty-five.

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,

WE your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Nobility, Gentry and Clergy of the County of Rutland, do moſt ſincerely congratulate your Majeſty on your ſafe Return to theſe Realms, on the Succeſs of your Endeavours to obtain the Imperial Crown for the Great Duke of Tuſcany, and on the important Conqueſt of Cape Breton.

As the Joy we feel from theſe happy Events, is ſo unſeaſonably interrupted by the preſent wicked Attempts in Scotland, in Favour of a popiſh Pretender to your Crown, we beg Leave to take this Opportunity of expreſſing our Deteſtation of ſo daring and unnatural a Rebellion, by which all that is valuable and dear to us is threatned with Deſtruction. We aſſure your Majeſty that we will, to the utmoſt of our Power, exert ourſelves in the Defence of your Majeſty's Perſon, your Government, and our preſent happy Conſtitution.

It is our ſincere and fervent Wiſh, that your Majeſty's Reign may be long and proſperous, and that the Succeſſion to the Crown of Great Britain may continue in your Royal Family uninterrupted and ſecure.

The following Aſſociation of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Gentlemen, Clergy, Merchants, Freeholders, and other principal Inhabitants of the Town and County of Kingſton upon Hull, having been tranſmitted by John Froggott, Eſq; their Mayor, to his Grace the Duke of Newcaſtle, one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, has by him been preſented to his Majeſty: Which Aſſociation his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

WHEREAS there is now a horrid and unnatural Rebellion, formed and carried on in Scotland by Papiſts and other wicked and traiterous Perſons, countenanced and ſupported by the old and inveterate Enemies of our Country, and Religion and Liberties thereof, the Crowns of France and Spain, in order to dethrone his preſent Majeſty King George, the only rightful and lawful King of theſe Realms; and having ſubverted our Religion, Laws and Liberties (which God forbid) to ſet upon the Throne a popiſh Pretender, a Dependant and a Slave to thoſe tyrannous and corrupted Courts; We the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Gentlemen, Clergy, Merchants, Freeholders, and other principal Inhabitants of the Town and County of Kingſton upon Hull, whoſe Names are ſubſcribed to this Writing, and every of us, being of Opinion that in Times ſo full of Danger and treaſonable Practices as theſe are, an Union of our Hearts and Forces will be moſt conducing to his Majeſty's Safety, and the publick Good of our Country, do voluntarily and willingly bind ourſelves, every one of us to the other, jointly and ſeverally, in the Band of one firm and loyal Society, and do hereby promiſe, that

that with our whole Powers, Bodies, Lives and Eſtates, we and every of us will ſtand by and aſſiſt each other in the Support and Defence of his Majeſty's ſacred Perſon and Government, and will withſtand, offend and purſue, as well by Force of Arms as by all other Means, the ſaid popiſh Pretender and Traytors, and alſo all Manner of Perſons, of what State ſoever they be, and their Abettors, that ſhall attempt, act, councel, or conſent to any Thing that ſhall tend to the Harm of his Majeſty King George, or of his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Wales, or any of their Iſſue, or to the Subverſion of his Majeſty's Government. And we do by this Inſtrument declare, that no one of us ſhall, for any Reſpect of Perſons or Cauſes, or for Fear or Reward, ſeparate ourſelves from this Aſſociation, or fail in the Proſecution thereof during our Lives. Dated at Kingſton upon Hull, the 26th Day of September, in the Nineteenth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord George the Second, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, France and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, &c. and in the Year of our Lord 1745.

Tripoly, April 9, *O. S.* On the 5th Inſtant came in here a Veſſel from Bengaſi in the Kingdom of Barca, belonging to the Baſhaw here. The Maſter brought Letters to the Baſhaw, that the Plague was broke out at that Place; that ten Perſons were dead of it; that moſt of the People had removed for Fear of it; and that the French Conſul was ſhut up in his Houſe. Upon this News the Baſhaw ordered the Veſſel to ſail out of Port, not ſuffering any one to come on Shore.

Tripoly, May 15, *O. S.* By our laſt Advices from Bengaſi, by a French Veſſel which ſtood off that Place, the Plague continued raging there, and had carried off above Forty Perſons every Day for ſome time paſt.

Conſtantinople, Aug. 30. By Advices receiv'd from Perſia, the Army of this Government, conſiſting of 130,000 Men, commanded by Yeghen Baſhaw, has been entirely defeated. The Baſhaw brought to Cars about 100,000 Men, and found there about 30,000; from thence he march'd (contrary to the expreſs Orders of the Porte) directly towards the Perſian Frontier. He met by the Way two or three ſmall Parties of 5 to 9000 Perſians entrenched, whom he put to Flight very ſucceſsfully, one after another; elevated with this Beginning of Succeſs, he march'd on towards Erivan, near which the Perſian King lay encamp'd with about 40,000 Men, and one of his Generals at ſome ſmall Diſtance in an adjacent Valley, had likewiſe a Body of 40,000 Men under his Command. The Baſhaw not imagining the main Army to be ſo near, fell in with another ſmall Entrenchment, and routed it; thoſe Perſians immediately retired precipitately towards the Shaugh's Army, which ſoon advanced to their Succour, and the Baſhaw immediately found himſelf engaged in very diſadvantageous Ground, with that Part of the Perſian Army commanded by the Shaugh, whilſt the other 40,000 Men, with the Perſian General at their Head, took him in Flank. The Turks were ſoon broken, above half their Infantry was cut to Pieces; and the Baſhaw himſelf, endeavouring to rally them in Perſon, with his Sabre in his Hand, received a Musket-ſhot, of which he died in few Minutes in his Tent, whither he was immediately carried. 'Tis aſſured that their Loſs amounts to at leaſt 28,000 Men, beſides three Baſhaws of three Tails kill'd in the Action, one of whom particularly, as well as Yeghen Baſhaw, is much regretted, having both a high Reputation here for Valour. The Turks abandoned their Camp, Cannon and Baggage, but the cautious Perſian did not purſue, or even let his Troops advance to plunder what the Enemy had left, till he could be ſure there was no Stratagem in the Flight, or Fear of the Enemy's returning upon them, whilſt they ſhould be buſied in the Pillage; when he had waited many Hours, and received certain Intelligence of the Enemy's being really fled, he made himſelf Maſter of their Camp, Baggage and Cannon. The Remains of the Turkiſh Army, in Diſorder and Confuſion, without a Head or any Diſcipline, are returned to Cars.

Gibraltar, Sept. 13. Admiral Medley, who had lately returned hither with his Squadron to make his Ships fit for the Sea, ſails this Day out of the Streights to obſerve the Motions of the Enemy. We hear from Carthagena, that the Ships of War there are ſixteen in Number, with four new Galleys; that there are three French Men of War at Cadiz with ſome Merchant Ships, which are bound up the Streights, but afraid to proceed as our Ships lye in their Way. This Garriſon continues in good Health, and we have great Plenty of Proviſions.

Oporto, Sept. 25. The Letters from Liſbon mention the Arrival in that River of the Tygreſs Privateer, with a French Prize bound from St. Malo to Cadiz with Linnen, ſaid to be worth Forty Thouſand Pounds, which ſhe took after a long and ſmart Engagement, the French having 24 Guns, nine Pounders, and 190 Men, and the Privateer 20 Guns, ſix Pounders, and 180 Men. The 21ſt Inſtant the Trade from hence for England ſailed with his Britannick Majeſty's Ship Shoreham for Liſbon, to join the Greyhound and the Dutch Ship that are to Convoy them home. We have Advice here from Galicia, that the Ferrol Squadron was ſtill in that Harbour, ready to ſail; that no Reſolution about making the Draughts from the Militia was yet come from Court, the Want of which was believed to be the only Thing that retarded the ſailing of the ſaid Squadron, which was ſtill ſaid to be deſign'd for the Havanna, from whence ſeveral Ships were certainly expected with Treaſure for the King in November or December.

Journal from the Saxon Head Quarters at Salnay, Oct. 9, *N. S.*

THE Combined Army remains ſtill in the ſame Situation in the Camp near Jaromirz, without having made any Motion, as the Enemies do on the other Side Trautenau. And according to the laſt Advices from our advanced Poſts, they had ſent off their Equipages and Part

of the heavy Artillery towards Sileſia; from whence it is believed the Army ſtays to conſume the Proviſions, and by that Means hinder us from following them. There are Skirmiſhes daily at the advanced Poſts with the Houlans and Huſſars, and always ſome Priſoners made and carried to the Quarters. The Deſertion continues, but not in ſuch Numbers as laſt Year, the Soldiers being forbid, under very ſevere Puniſhment, to go out of the Camp of their Companies. Upon the 7th arrived two Companies of Huſſars from Tranſilvania, lately raiſed, and conſiſting of 100 Horſe each. This Troop is not only compoſed of very good Men, but exceeding well mounted, and in good Order, which cannot be ſaid of a Reinforcement of Recruits that arrived the Day before from Nuremberg for the Infantry, for they are moſt of them Deſerters. The King of Pruſſia has wrote to Prince Charles, to demand the private Secretaries that were made Priſoners on the Day of Battle, but his Highneſs anſwer'd, that he muſt wait for farther Orders in that Reſpect from Vienna. According to all Appearances, as ſoon as the Enemies retreat farther, we ſhall follow them to keep them in reſpect, that they may not be able to detach a Corps to reinforce that under the Prince of Anhalt Deſſau on the Frontiers of Saxony; but it is certain we ſhall find a great deal of Difficulty to ſubſiſt, for we are actually obliged to fetch the Forage five German Miles from hence; and it will require much Time before Magazines can be raiſed ſufficient to ſerve the Army. Yeſterday Colonel Trenk brought to the Prince a great Bundle of Papers, which the Huſſars took on the Day of Battle in the Pruſſian Camp, and threw aſide; among which, it ſeems, there are ſome of very great Conſequence. We flatter ourſelves with Hopes of a Confirmation of the good News, that a Body of Ruſſians were on March to our Aſſiſtance.

From the Saxon Head Quarters at Salnay, Oct. 12, N. S.

THE Enemies are ſtill in the ſame Poſition on the other Side of Trautenau. On the 10th Inſtant his Royal Highneſs Prince Charles received a Courier from Francfort, with a Notification of the Coronation of the Emperor; and Yeſterday Morning at Ten o'Clock Te Deum was ſung at the Centre of the Army, where the Prince had cauſed two Tents to be erected, and aſſembled the Companies of Horſe Grenadiers and Carabineers, and all the Kettle Drums and Trumpets of the Army, under the Sound of which High Maſs was ſung. At Noon the Generals and Colonels dined in great Formality with the Prince. At Four in the Afternoon the whole Army was drawn up under Arms, and the Prince and the Generals reſorted thither. After a Diſcharge of 80 Pieces of Cannon, which were placed on an Eminence behind the Front, the Army made a Running Fire from the Right Wing of the firſt Line to the Left, and from the Left of the ſecond Line to the Right, continuing the ſame through the Corps de Reſerve; after which there was a triple Diſcharge of the Cannon. The Morning at the Parade, there was a great Promotion of Generals, the Prince declaring General Hohenembs Field Marſhal, and the Prince of Saxe Gotha, and the Lieutenant Generals Bellaire, Bernes, and St. Ignon, Generals of Horſe.

Vienna, Oct. 13, N. S. His Pruſſian Majeſty is by all Accounts retiring into Sileſia, and has, to covet his Retreat, made the Body that he had at Landſhut advance towards him, but without waiting for the farther Reinforcement of the Body he had in Upper Sileſia, which, according to Letters from thence of the 8th Inſtant, is aſſured to be ſtill at and about Neuſtadt, under the Command of Count Naſſau. The laſt Letters from Italy ſuppoſe, that the Spaniards will attempt the Sieges of Valance and of Alexandria at one and the ſame time.

Berlin, Oct. 16. It is ſaid here, that the Auſtrians have partly taken or deſtroyed a Pruſſian Magazine after the late Action. His Pruſſian Majeſty is expected here the 3d of next Month, and the reigning Prince of Anhalt will take upon him the Command of the Army during his Majeſty's Abſence in that Province, whither a Tranſport of Bullets, Shovels, and other warlike Stores, was ſent by Water on the 14th Inſtant. The Regiment of Bredow returns to its former Quarters at Stettin. The Militia here is to be disbanded, and the Regiments of Prince Leopold, Royal Ferdinand, and Old Wirtemberg, are expected to garriſon here as formerly. The Citizens of this Town have received Orders to render up the Arms that were diſtributed amongſt them. In ſhort, all Diſpoſitions made not long ago to ſhew the real Fear of an Invaſion, are removed. It is reported that the Army near Halle is to be divided, and a Line of the ſame to be drawn up along the Frontiers from Magdebourg to this City. The ſame will be done in Sileſia, where the King of Pruſſia is ſaid to have 15000 Peaſants armed, whilſt a Body of Troops is to penetrate into Moravia. The Widow Dutcheſs of Brunſwig has written to the reigning Queen here, that Prince Lewis her Brother, who was wounded in the late Action by a Shot through the Belly, is paſt Danger, his Entrails happily not having been touch'd.

Berlin, Oct. 19, N. S. It is confirmed that the Troops forming the Pruſſian Army near Halle, will be divided in ſuch a Manner, that they may be re-aſſembled whenever it ſhould be thought proper. The Armies in Bohemia keep ſtill in the ſame Poſition; and it is reported here, that the Huſſars and irregular Troops of the Auſtrians have occupied the Defiles and Paſſages in the Mountains of Sileſia, and that conſequenlty the Pruſſians will meet with many Difficulties, and be expoſed to ſeveral Inconveniences in their Retreat. The Swediſh Volunteers who have made this Campaign in the Pruſſian Army, arrived here in Town on the 16th Inſtant, in order to return to their Country. General Berlihchingen, the Auſtrian General, who was taken Priſoner at the Battle of Friedberg, was brought hither from Striegau on the 17th Inſtant, eſcorted by a Captain and ſix under Officers. He is lodged in an Inn, and though attended by his own Servants, yet an under Officer is in the Anti-Chamber, and a Centinel at the Door.

Francfort,

Francfort, Oct. 20, *N. S.* Marſhal Bathiani is returned hither from Ulm, and Count Salaburg, Quartermaſter General of the Auſtrian Troops, will arrive To-day, in order to ſettle the Winter Quarters for the Army now upon the Rhine.

Weſtminſter, October 21.

His Majeſty came this Day to the Houſe of Peers, and being in his Royal Robes, ſeated on the Throne with the uſual Solemnity, Sir Charles Dalton, Gentleman-Uſher of the Black Rod, was ſent with a Meſſage from his Majeſty to the Houſe of Commons, commanding their Attendance in the Houſe of Peers. The Commons being come thither accordingly, His Majeſty was pleaſed to give the Royal aſſent to,

An Act to impower his Majeſty to ſecure and detain ſuch Perſons as his Majeſty ſhall ſuſpect are conſpiring againſt his Perſon and Government.

Whitehall, October 19.

By Letters from Berwick of the 16th there is an Account, that upon the 13th in the Evening, the Rebels having obſerv'd a great Light made in the Caſtle of Edinburgh, which was anſwered by Lights from the Fox Man of War in Leith Road, thoſe who were in the Town or Suburbs, hurried from thence to their Camp at Duddingſton, where they remained all Night. By Twelve o'Clock next Day, the Pretender's Eldeſt Son marched into Town, attended by about 100 People on Horſeback. The Foot follow'd, and they marched up to the City without ſtopping at the Abbey, or in the Cannongate. Very few remained in their Camp, and there was not above 20 Tents left ſtanding. By Advice from Edinburgh of the 15th, a Party of the Rebels were preparing to march to Montroſe for the Arms and Money ſaid to be lately landed there; and it continued to be given out, that their main Body were to march towards Berwick that Day, all the Carts in the Neighbourhood of the Camp having been order'd to attend. There was a great Spirit of Inſolence reigning among the Highland Officers againſt their Chief Commanders, occaſioned by the Want of their Pay.

Whitehall, October 22.

Letters arrived this Afternoon from Berwick, of the 19th, mention, that on the 17th the Rebels remain'd ſtill at Edinburgh. Lieutenant General Handaſyd was arrived at Berwick, and had taken upon him the Command of his Majeſty's Forces there.

Whitehall, October 22.

Letters from Marſhal Wade, dated at Doncaſter the 19th Inſtant, mention, that he propoſed marching Northward with the Britiſh and Dutch Infantry incamped near that Place, on Monday the 21ſt without Fail, the Cavalry having march'd on towards York ſome Days before.

Kenſington, October 8.

Count Staremberg, ſent to notify the Emperor's Coronation; and M. Waſner, to deliver his new Letters of Credence, as Miniſter Plenipotentiary from the Emperor, had private Audiences of his Majeſty; to which they were introduc'd by the Right Honourable the Earl of Harrington, one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, and conducted by Sir Clement Cottrell Dormer, Knt. Maſter of the Ceremonies.

Leiceſter-Houſe, October 11.

This Day Count Staremberg, and M. Waſner, had private Audiences of their Royal Highneſſes, the Prince and Princeſs of Wales, being introduc'd by the Maſter of the Ceremonies.

Kenſington, October 13.

This Day Count Staremberg and M. Waſner, had Private Audiences of their Royal Highneſſes the Princeſſes Amelia and Caroline, being introduc'd by the Maſter of the Ceremonies.

Whitehall, October 19, 1745.

Whereas it has been repreſented to his Majeſty, that an anonymous Letter, dated the 5th Day of this Inſtant October, was directed to, and came to the Hands of the Mayor of the City of Norwich; and alſo another anonymous Letter, dated the 8th Day of this Inſtant October, was directed to, and came to the Hands of the Right Reverend the Lord Biſhop of Norwich, in both which Letters an Account is given of treaſonable Meetings, a Conſpiracy, and Rebellious Deſigns, (chiefly agitated and promoted by an Elderly Man, who ſeems to be a Prieſt, and to have been born in Ireland) being form'd, plann'd, and carried on in Norwich, Bungay, Wymondham, Harleſton, and other Towns; and of the ſaid Prieſt's, and the other Conſpirators, having engaged, and bound themſelves by the moſt ſolemn Oaths and Imprecations, and provided a great Number of Fire Arms, and a large Quantity of Ammunition, to riſe in Favour of the Pretender: His Majeſty, for the better diſcovering the Author or Authors of the ſaid Letters, and bringing to Juſtice any Perſon or Perſons concerned in the ſaid Conſpiracy, is pleaſed to promiſe his moſt gracious Pardon to any one of them, who ſhall diſcover his Accomplice or Accomplices, ſo as he, ſhe, or they, may be apprehended and convicted thereof.

HOLLES NEWCASTLE.

The Nobility, Gentry, Clergy, Freeholders and others of the County of Middleſex, and City and Liberty of Weſtminſter, are deſired to meet on Friday the 25th Day of October Inſtant, at Eleven a-Clock in the Forenoon, at the Bedford Arms Tavern in the Little Piazza, Covent Garden, to conſider of the moſt effectual Methods to be immediately taken for the Support of his Majeſty and his Government, againſt the Attepmts of the Pretender, and for the Security of the ſaid County, City and Liberty.

HOLLES NEWCASTLE.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Seamen who were on board his Majeſty's Ship Solebay, at the Time of retaking the Ant Pink, that they may receive their reſpective Shares for ſaid Capture, at Mr. Richard Bowery's Houſe, in Chequer Yard without Aldgate, on Wedneſday the 6th of November next enſuing, between the Hours of Ten in the Morning and Two in the Afternoon; and that thenceforward the Shares that ſhall not then have been paid, may be received at the ſame Place the firſt Wedneſday in every ſucceeding Month.

Adver-